Semester	Code No	Course Title	Hours/ Week	Total Hours	Credit	Marks
1	PHY1C01	Complementary Course I: Properties of matter and Thermodynamics	2	36	2	75
	-	Complementary Course V: PHYSICS Practical	2	36	_*	-
2	PHY2C02	Complementary Course II: Optics ,Laser, Electronics	2	36	2	75
	-	Complementary Course V: PHYSICS Practical	2	36	* _	-
3	РНҮЗС03	Complementary Course III: Mechanics, Relativity, Waves and Oscillations	3	54	2	75
	-	Complementary Course V: PHYSICS Practical	2	36	* _	-
4	PHY4C04	Complementary Course IV: Electricity ,Magnetism and Nuclear Physics	3	54	2	75
	PHY4C05	Complementary Course V: PHYSICS Practical	2	36	4*	100
Total					12	400

PHYSICS COMPLEMENTARY COURSE STRUCTURE Total Credits: 12 (Internal: 20%; External: 80%)

* Examination will be held at the end of 4th semester

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE THEORY: EVALUATION SCHEME

The evaluation scheme for each course contains two parts: *viz.*, internal evaluation and external evaluation. Maximum marks from each unit are prescribed in the syllabus.

<u>1. INTERNAL EVALUATION</u>

20% of the total marks in each course are for internal evaluation. The colleges shall send only the marks obtained for internal examination to the university.

Table 1: Components of Evaluation

Sl. No.	Components	Marks for 2/3 credits
		papers
1	Class room participation based on attendance	3
2	Test paper: I	6
3	Assignment	3
4	Seminar/ Viva	3
	15	

Table 2: Pattern of Test Papers

Duration	Pattern	Total number of questions	Number of questions to be answered	Marks for each question	Mark s
2 Hours	Short answer	12	10-12	2	20
	Paragraph/proble m	7	6-7	5	30
	Essay	2	1	10	10
Total Marks*					60

*90% and above = 6, 80 to below 90% = 5.5, 70 to below 80% = 5, 60 to below 70% = 4.5, 50 to below 60% = 4, 40 to below 50% = 3.5, 35 to below 40% = 3, 25 to below 30% = 2.5,15 to below 20=2, less than 15=0

2. EXTERNAL EVALUATION

External evaluation carries 80% marks. University examinations will be conducted at the end of each semester.

Table 1: Pattern of Question Papers

Duration	Pattern	Total number of questions	Number of questions to be answered	Marks for each question	Mark s
2 Hours	Short answer	12	10-12	2	20
	Paragraph/proble m	7	6-7	5	30
	Essay	2	1	10	10
Total Marks					60

Practical Evaluation (Complementary)

I	nternal	External		
Record	4	Record with 20 experimrnts. Max. ¹ / ₂ mark for one expt.	10	
Regularity	4	Formulae, Theory, Principle	22	
Attendance	4	Adjustments, setting	14	
Test I	4	Tabulation & Observation	20	
Test II	4	Calculation, graph, result, unit	10	
		Viva	4	
Total	20	Total	80	

B.Sc. PHYSICS COMPLEMENTARY COURSES SYLLABUS (For B. Sc Programme in Mathematics, Chemistry etc)

	Course Outcome	CL	КС	Class Sessions allotted
CO1	Understand the basic concepts of interference and diffraction	U	С	16
CO2	Understand the concepts of polarization	U	С	6
CO3	Understand the fundamentals of electronics	U	С	10
CO4	Understand the important principles of laser physics	U	С	4

Semester 2 | Complementary Course II PHY2C02: Optics, Laser & Electronics 36 Hours (Credit - 2)

Unit 1 Interference

Superposition of two sinusoidal waves (resultant amplitude and intensity)., constructive and destructive interference- Fresnel's two mirror arrangement - Interference by a plane film- colours of thin films- Newton's rings (Reflected system)-Determination of wavelength

Unit 2 Diffraction

Fresnel and Fraunhoffer class of diffraction Fraunhofer single slit diffraction pattern- Intensity distribution (qualitative ideas only)- plane diffraction Grating-resolving power and dispersive power. Experiment with grating

Unit 3 Polarisation

Elementary idea- Brewster' law- Double refraction- positive and negative crystals- Quarter and half wave plate- production of plane, elliptically and circularly polarized light- optical activity

Unit 4 Electronics

Half wave, Full wave and bridge rectifier circuits- Efficiency & ripple factor- Filter circuits (capacitor filter and π filters) – Zener diode characteristics- Voltage stabilization Transistors- CB, CE, CC Configurations- CE (only) characteristics- Current amplification factors - relation connecting α , β and γ – CE Amplifier- frequency response- band width Basic principle of feedback, concept of an oscillator circuit, Logic gates- Universal gates- De- Morgan's theorem – Exclusive OR gate

Unit 5 Laser physics

Induced absorption- spontaneous emission and stimulated emission- population inversion Principle of Laser-Types of laser- Ruby laser, Helium Neon laser

8 Hrs

6 Hrs

8 Hrs

10 Hrs

4 Hrs

Text for study:

- 1. Optics Brijlal & Subramanian
- 2. Principles of Electronics-VK Mehta

Books for reference

- 1. Optics- Ajay Ghatak
- 2. Optics Brijlal & Subramaniam
- 3. Laser fundamentals Silfrast
- 4. Lasers theory & applications- Thyagarajan & Ghatak

Mark distribution for setting Question paper.

Unit/ chapter	Title	Marks
1	Interference	18
2	Diffraction	18
3	Polarisation	13
4	Electronics	21
5	Laser Physics	9
	Total Marks *	79

*Total marks include that for choice of questions in sections A, B and C in the question paper.

LAB PROGRAMME FOR COMPLEMENTARY COURSES

(Lab examination will be conducted at the end of 4th semester)

The minimum number of experiments for appearing examination is **75% of total 24 experiments** in the syllabus. Basic theory of the experiment must be shown at the time of Examination. **Students must submit a certified fair record at the time of Examination.** Number of Questions per session for the practical Examination shall be 8, and a minimum of 6 questions in the Question paper shall be set for the Examination at the centre.

Semester 1 to 4 | Complementary Course V

PHY4C05: PHYSICS PRACTICALS I

	Course Outcome	CL	KC	Class Sessions allotted
CO1	Apply and illustrate the concepts of properties of matter through experiments	Ap	Р	36
CO2	Apply and illustrate the concepts of electricity and magnetism through experiments	Ap	Р	36
CO3	Apply and illustrate the concepts of optics through experiments	Ap	Р	36
CO4	Apply and illustrate the principles of electronics through experiments	Ap	Р	36

36 Hours in each semester × 4 (Credit - 5)

List of Experiments

- 1. Characteristics of Diode and Zener diode
- 2. Liquid lens- Refractive index of liquid and glass
- 3. Torsion pendulum- Rigidity modulus
- 4. Spectrometer- Refractive index of the material of prism
- 5. Deflection Magnetometer- Moment of a magnet (Tan-A & Tan B positions)
- 6. Potentiometer-Measurement of resistance
- 7. Young's modulus Uniform bending -using optic lever
- 8. Static torsion Rigidity modulus
- 9. Spectrometer- Grating- Normal incidence
- 10. Melde's string- Frequency of fork (Transverse and Longitudinal mode)- (Mass determination
- by equal oscillation method / digital balance)

- 11. Half wave rectifier and Full wave rectifier
- 12. Field along the axis of a circular coil
- 13. Deflection Magnetometer- Moment of a magnet (Tan-C)

14. Potentiometer- Conversion of Galvanometer in to voltmeter –calibration by standard voltmeter

15. Viscosity of liquid- Capillary flow- Variable pressure head method (Mass determination by equal oscillation method / digital balance)

- 16. Logic gates Verification of truth table
- 17. Carey Fosters bridge- Resistivity of the material of wire
- 18. Surface Tension-Capillary rise method Radius by microscope.
- 19. Young's modulus of a cantilever- Pin and microscope method
- 20. Potentiometer-Calibration of low range voltmeter
- 21. Moment of inertia of fly wheel
- 22. Tangent galvanometer Reduction factor
- 23. Searle's vibration magneto meter Comparison of moments
- 24. Newton's rings- Wavelength of sodium light

Books of Study:

- 1. Electronics lab manual- K A Navas (vol 1 &2)
- 2. B.Sc Practical Physics- C L Arora

Reference book:

3. Practical Physics- S L Gupta & V Kumar